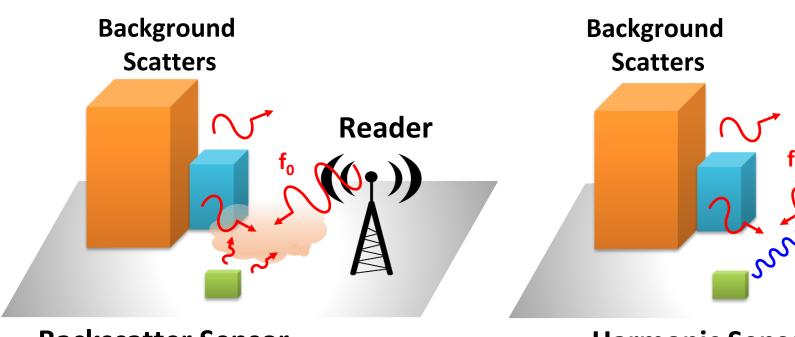
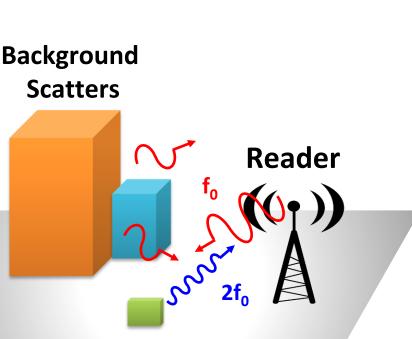


Transparent and Self-Activated Harmonic Microsensors for IoT Healthcare Applications Liang Zhu*, Maryam Sakhdari, Mark Cheng, and Pai-Yen Chen Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering, Wayne State University

Introduction: Harmonic IoT Sensors

Harmonic Radar/Sensor





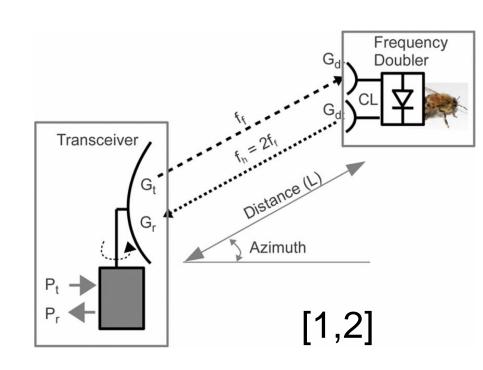
Backscatter Sensor

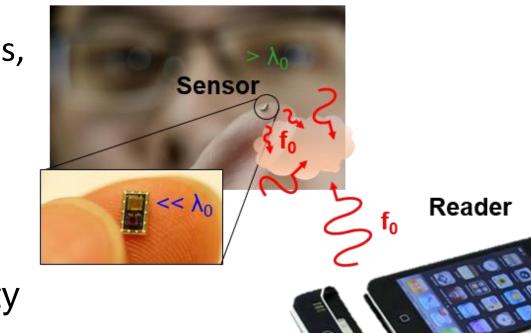
Harmonic Sensor

- Higher sensitivity and detectivity: free from unwanted clutter echoes, back-scattered noise and background interference
- Allowing miniaturized sensors and RFID tags •

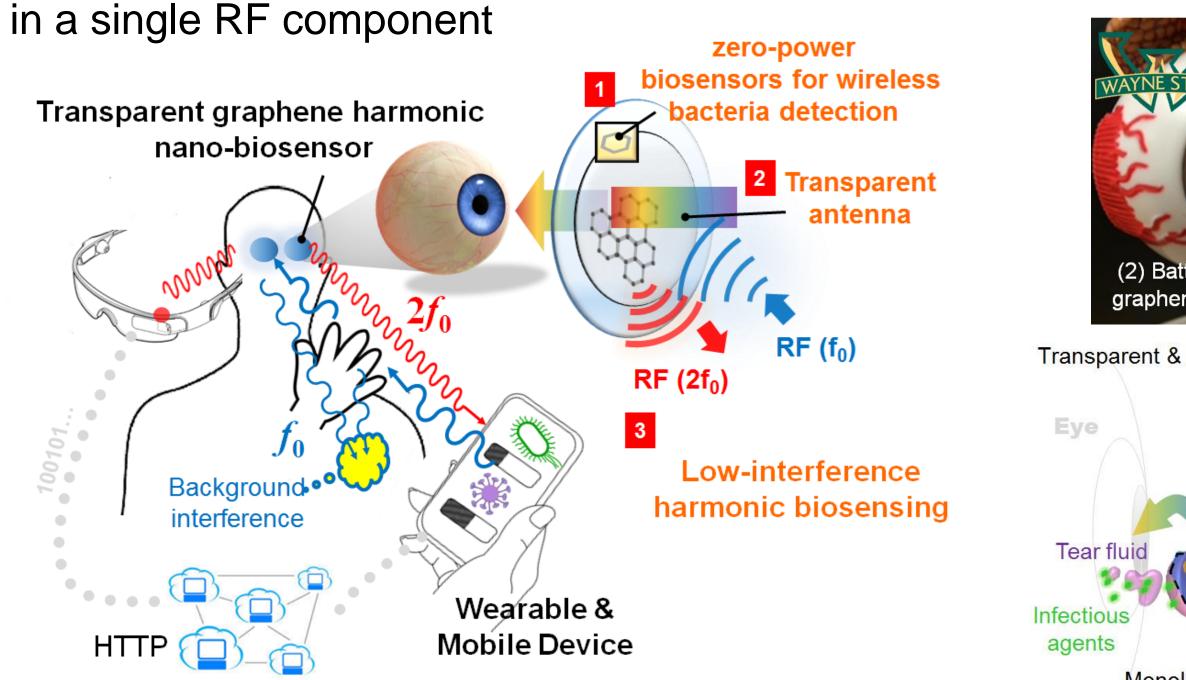
Challenges

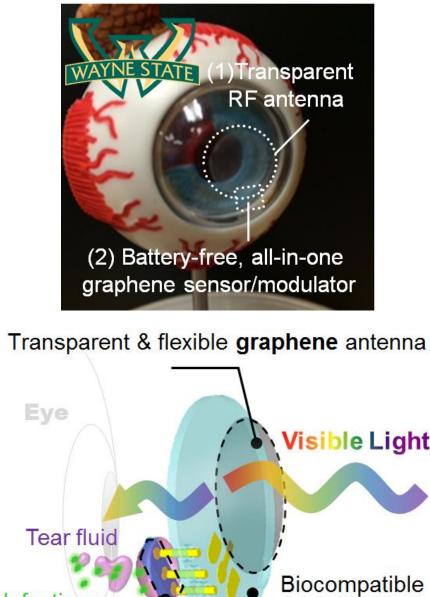
- Requirement of harmonically-spaced operating frequencies
- Limited information processing due to low-signal dimensionality **Integration complexity:** requirement for nonlinear RF element, sensor, and multiple antennas





All-graphene harmonic sensor: exceptional sensing & RF mixing functions





Monolithically-integrated graphene nano-RF-modulator/sensor

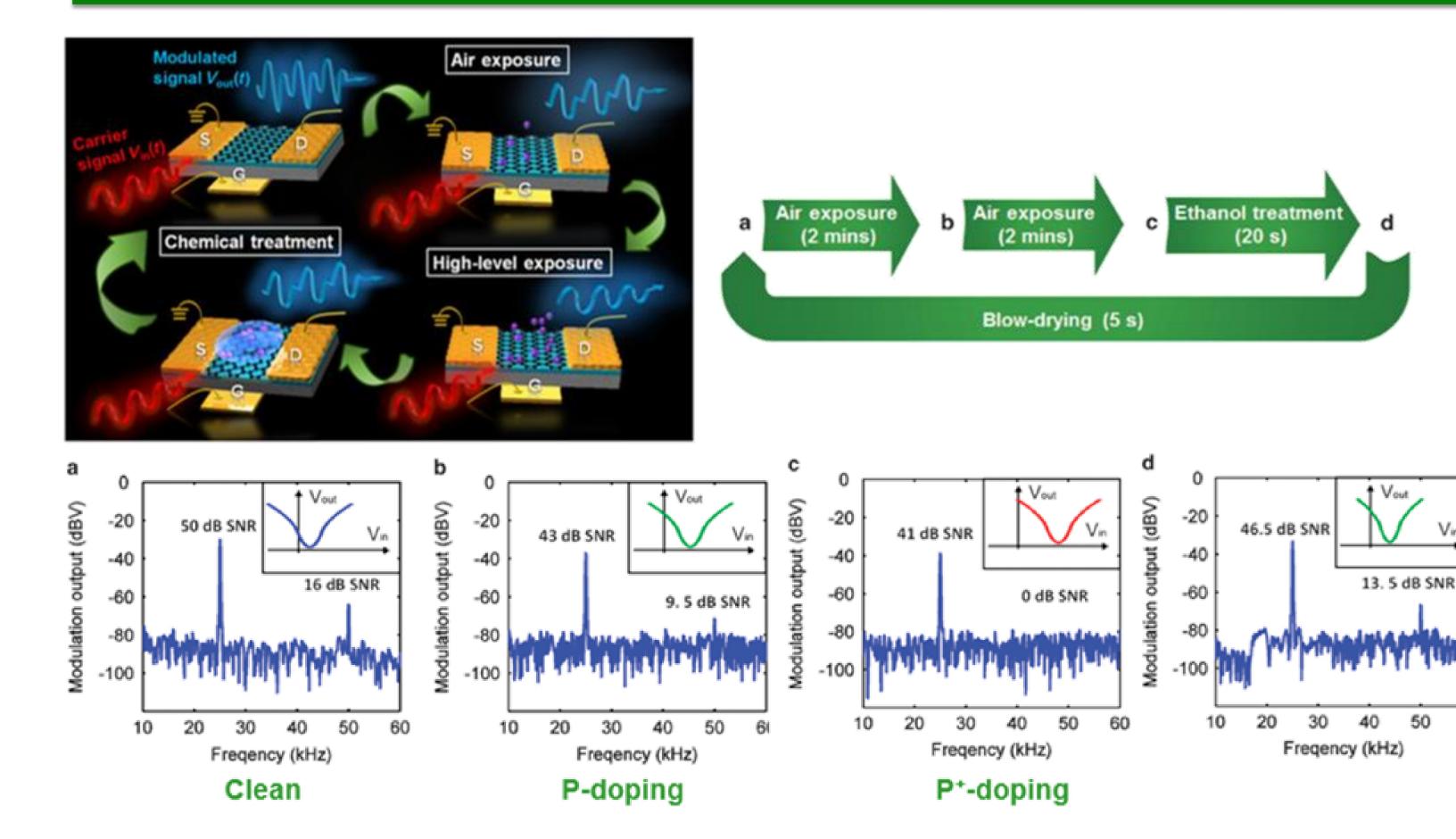
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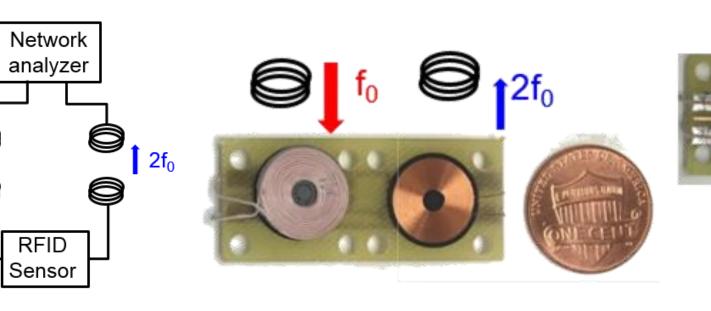
Receiver

Graphene-Based Harmonic Sensor





Unique "V-shape" drain current-gate voltage characteristic (only possible with GFET) [3]

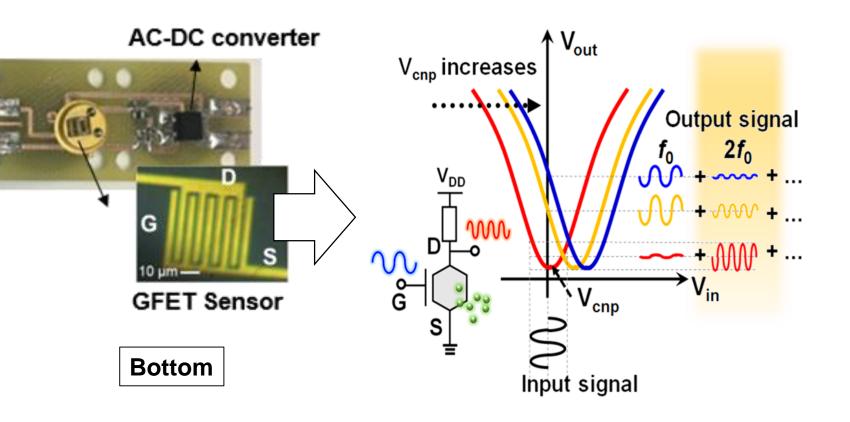


Тор

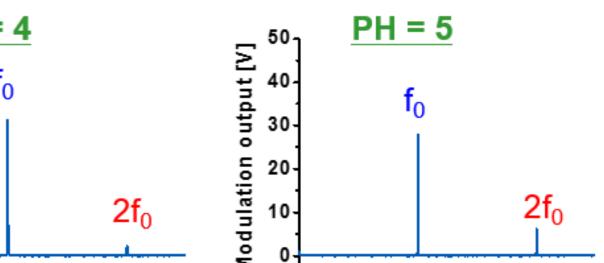
AC/DC

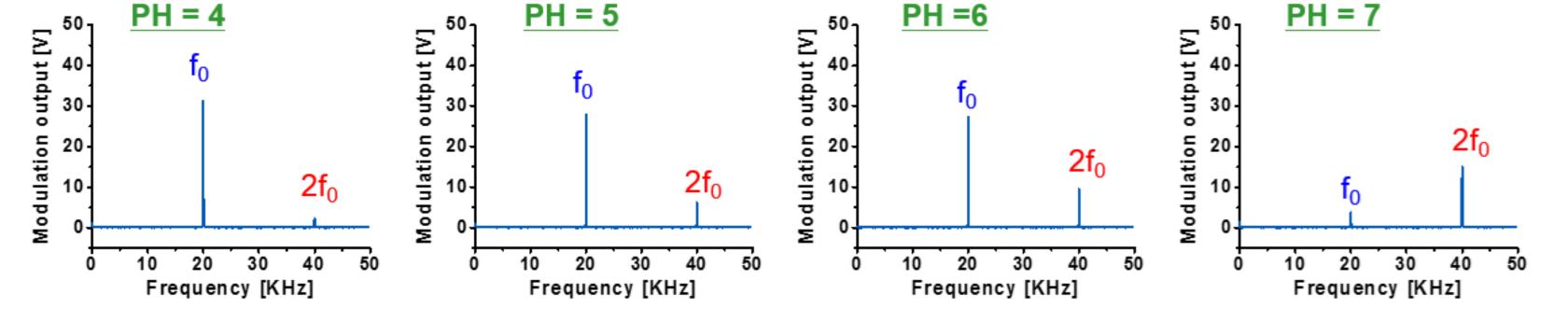
کBias Tee

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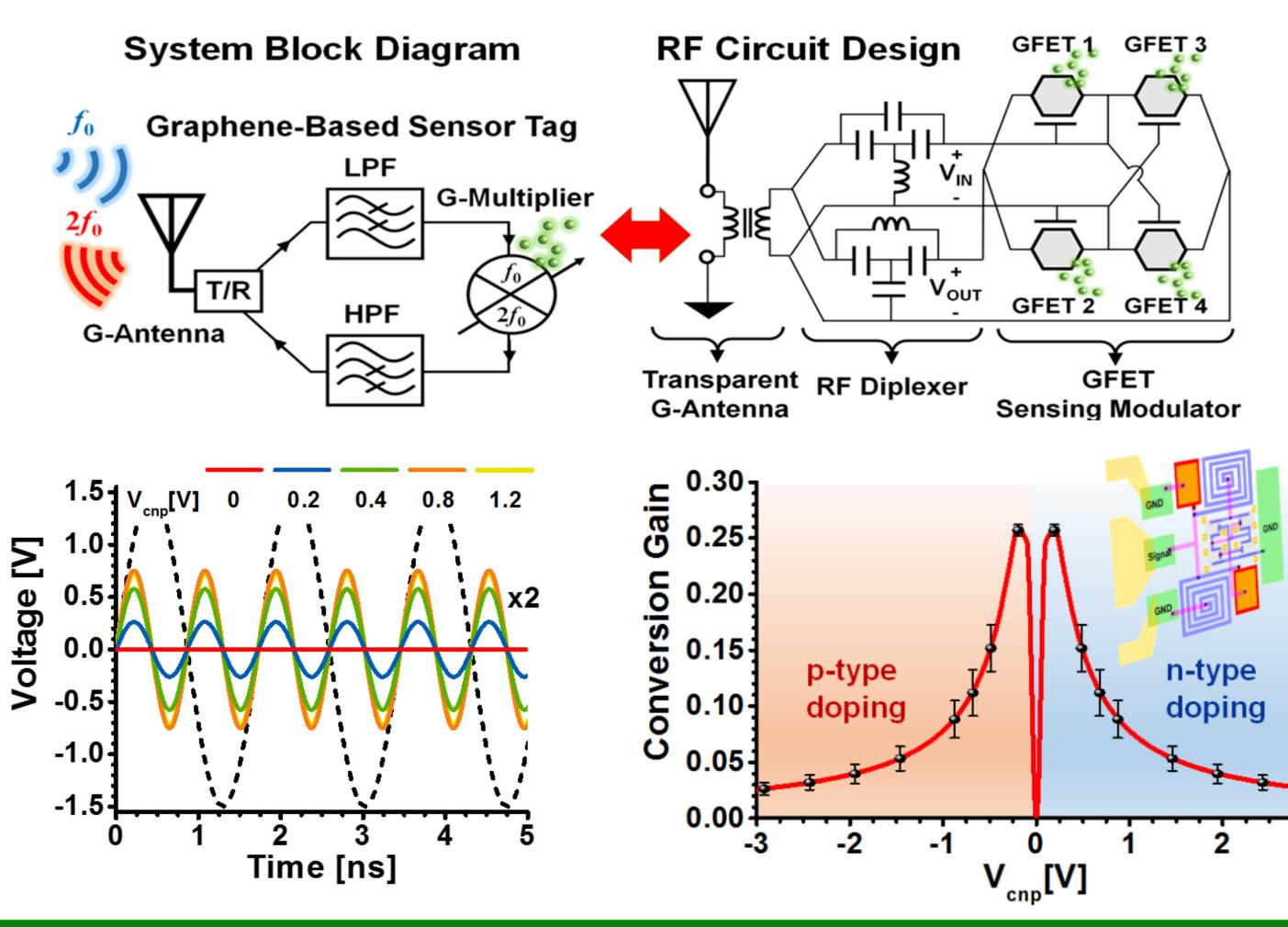


• Batteryless RFID sensor consists of a GFET-based sensor-frequency modulator, two planar microcoils, and an AC-to-DC rectifier • Input and output signals are 125 KHz and 250 KHz Convertor



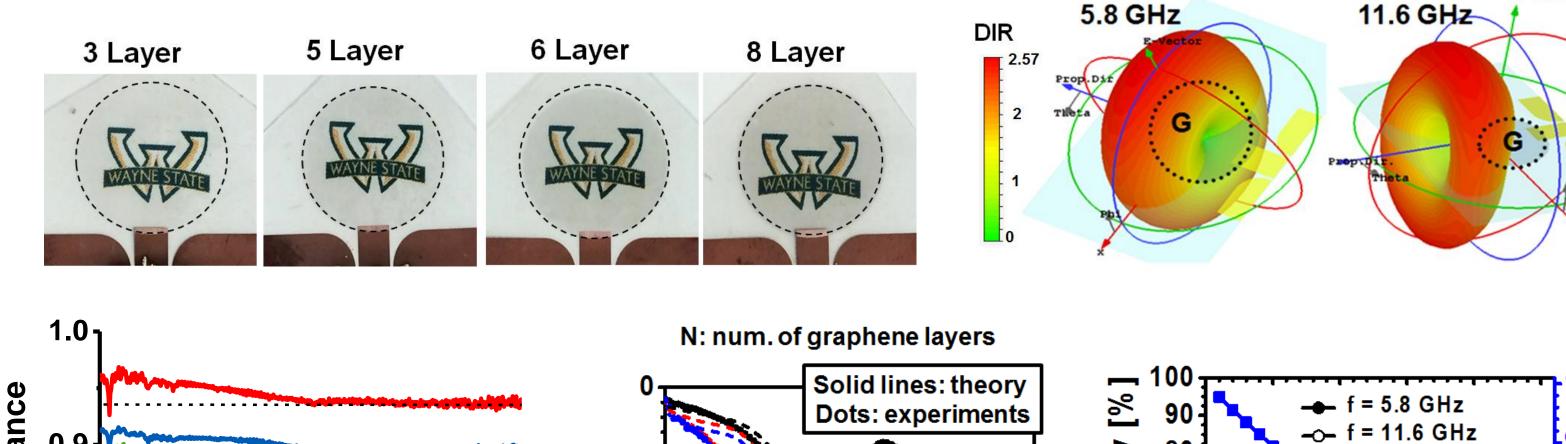


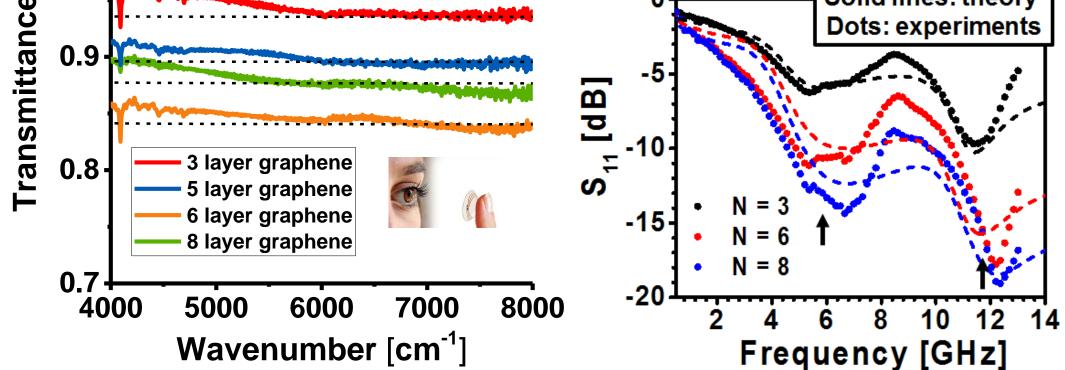
- Cut-off frequency up to 155 GHz [4]
- Molecular-level sensitivity to certain gases, chemical, and bimolecular agents [5-7]
- Self-Powered, All-Graphene Harmonic Sensor

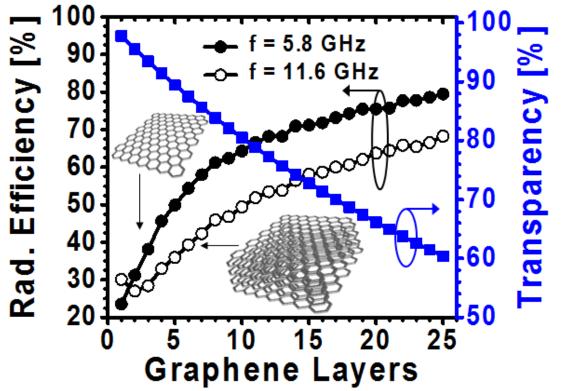


RFID Sensors for IoT Healthcare

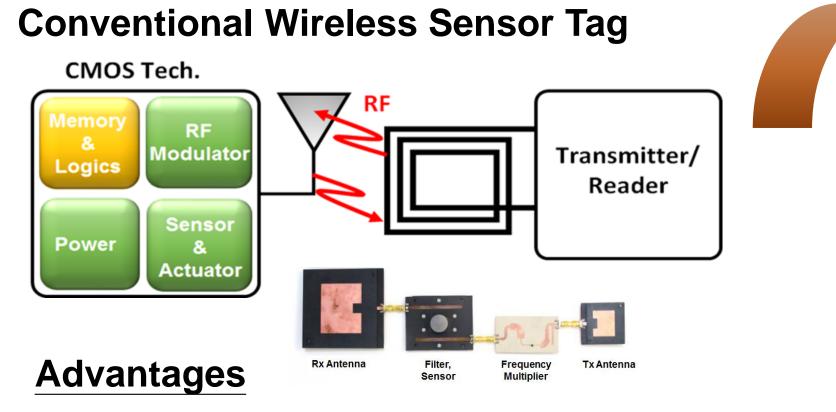
Measurement Results

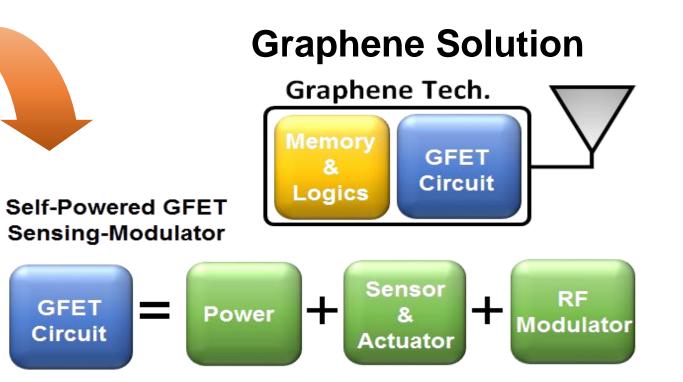






Conclusions





Battery-free wireless sensing

- Clutter noise free
- Optically transparent
- Flexible



- High chemical sensitivity
- Integrated on biocompatible PET substrate

Transparent, flexible, light-weight and self-powered all-graphene IoT sensor

- □ Fully-passive, quad-ring frequency multiplier/sensor using graphene field-effect transistors (GFETs)
- Multilayered graphene makes transparent and broadband monopole antenna
- Great potential for wireless sensing and non-invasive diagnosis applications, such as smart contact lenses/glasses and microscope slides that require high optical transparency

* References

[1] N. Tahir, et al., **APR** (2011). [2] J. R. Riley, et al., **Nature**, (1996). [3] Z. Wang, et al., **APL** (2010). [4] Y. Wu, et al., **Nature**, (2011).

[5] A. K. Geim, et al., Nat. Mater. (20007) [6] H. Huang, P. Y. Chen, et al., Sci. Rep. (2016). [7] D. Akinwande*, P. Y. Chen*, et al., NPG Microsystems & Nanoengineering (2016). [8] H. Huang, M. Sakhdari, P. Y. Chen*, et al., APL (2016). [9] M. Sakhdari, L. Zhu, P. Y. Chen*, et al., IEEE Sensors (invited) (2017).



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